

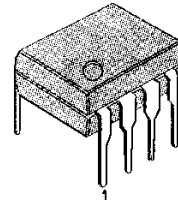
1.2W AUDIO POWER AMPLIFIER

The KA2201 is a monolithic integrated audio amplifier. It is designed for audio frequency class B amplifiers.

FEATURES

- Wide operating supply voltage: $V_{CC} = 3V \sim 14V$
- Medium output power.
 $P_O = 1.2W$ at $V_{CC} = 9V$, $R_L = 8\Omega$, THD=10%.
- Low quiescent circuit current ($I_{CCQ} = 4mA$: Typ).
- Good ripple rejection.
- Minimum number of external parts required.

8 DIP



ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Operating Temperature
KA2201	8 DIP	$-20^{\circ}C \sim 70^{\circ}C$

BLOCK DIAGRAM

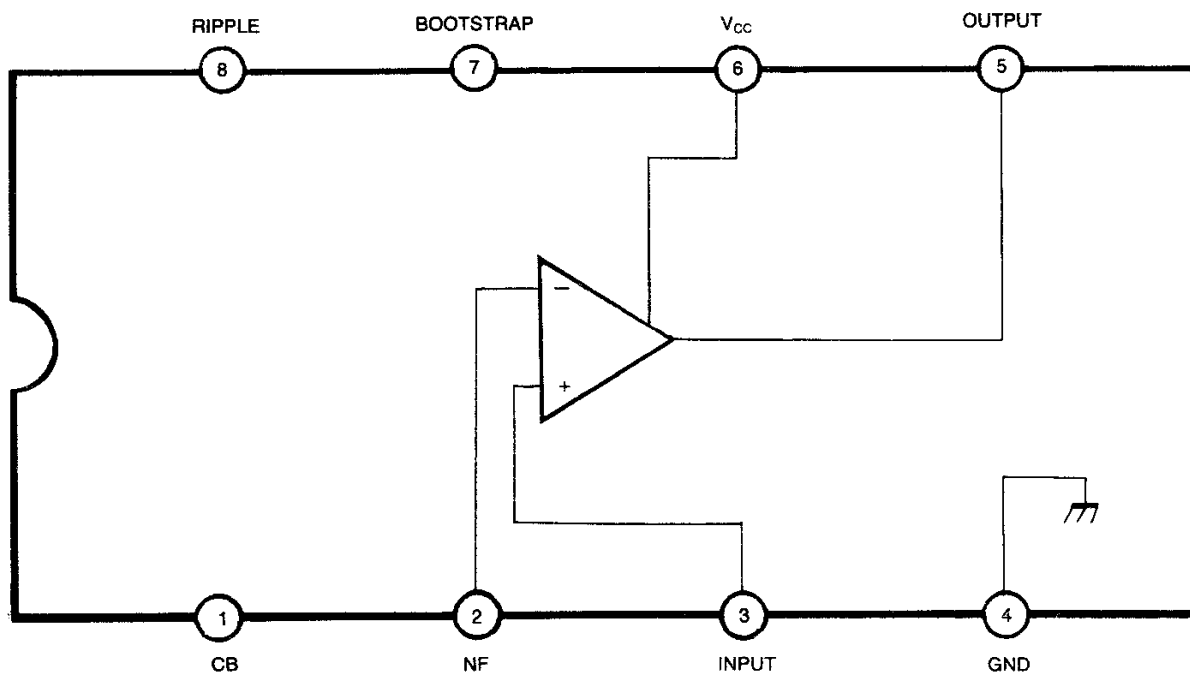


Fig. 1

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	16	V
Output Peak Current	I_{PK}	1.5	A
Power Dissipation	P_D	1.25	W
Operating Temperature	T_{OPR}	$-20 \sim +70$	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	T_{STG}	$-40 \sim +150$	$^\circ\text{C}$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 9\text{V}$, $f = 1\text{KHz}$, $R_G = 600\Omega$, $R_F = 120\Omega$, $R_L = 8\Omega$, unless otherwise specified)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Quiescent Circuit Current	I_{CCQ}	$V_i = 0$		4	12	mA
Output Power	P_O	$V_{CC} = 9\text{V}$, $R_L = 4\Omega$, THD = 10%	0.9	1.6		W
		$V_{CC} = 9\text{V}$, $R_L = 8\Omega$, THD = 10%		1.2		
		$V_{CC} = 6\text{V}$, $R_L = 4\Omega$, THD = 10%		0.75		
		$V_{CC} = 6\text{V}$, $R_L = 8\Omega$, THD = 10%		0.5		
		$V_{CC} = 12\text{V}$, $R_L = 8\Omega$, THD = 10%		2		
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	$P_O = 500\text{mW}$		0.3	1.0	%
Open Loop Voltage Gain	G_{VO}	$R_F = 0$		75		dB
Closed Loop Voltage Gain	G_{VC}	$R_F = 120\Omega$	33	36	39	dB
Input Resistance	R_i			5		$\text{M}\Omega$
Output Noise Voltage	V_{NO}	$R_G = 10\text{K}\Omega$ $\text{BW} (-3\text{dB}) = 50\text{Hz} \sim 20\text{KHz}$		0.3	1.0	mV

TEST CIRCUIT

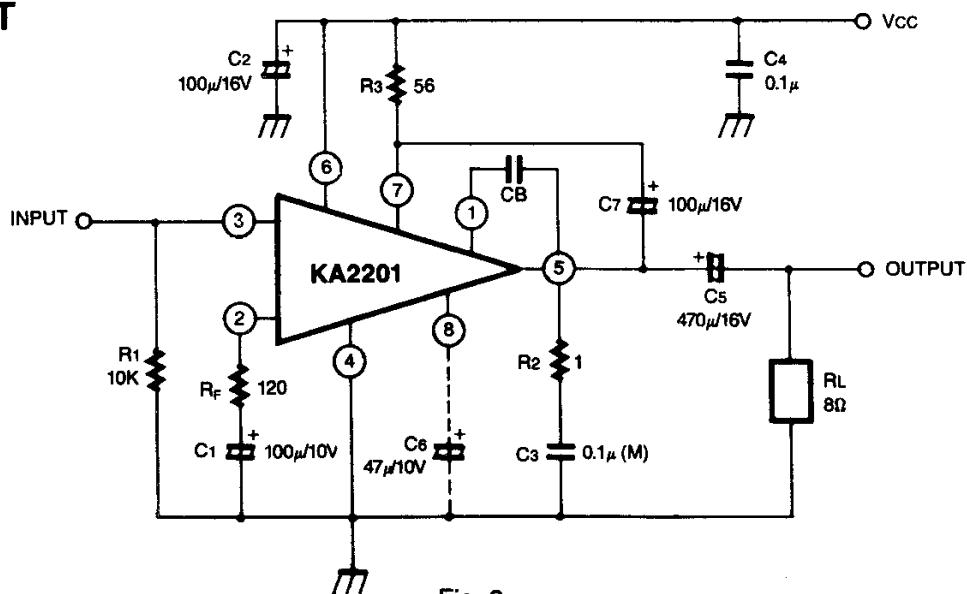
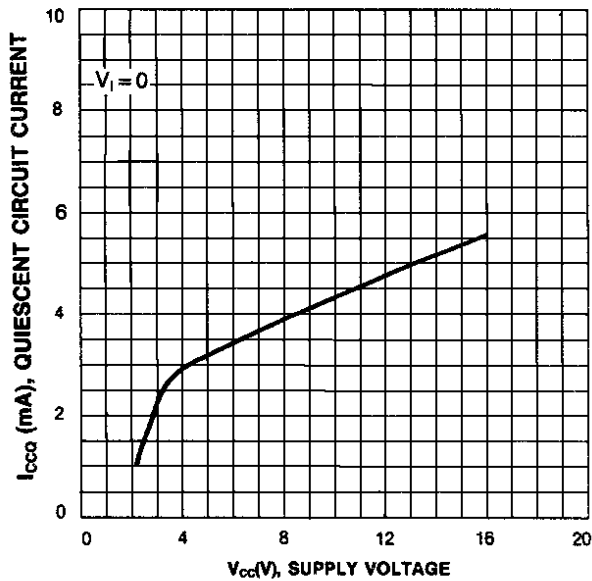
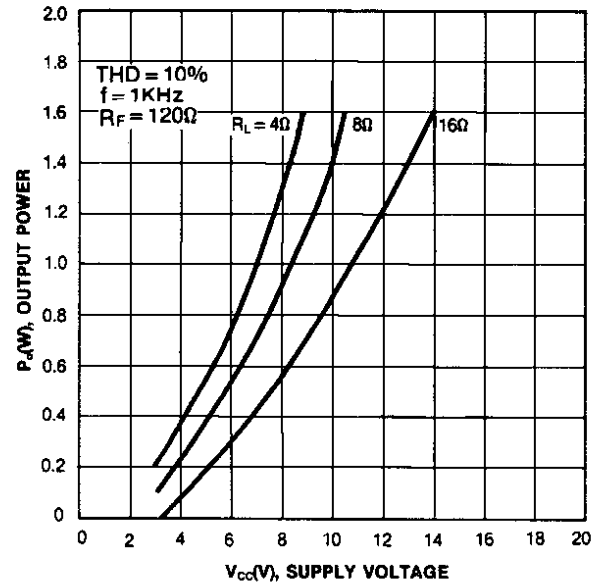


Fig. 2

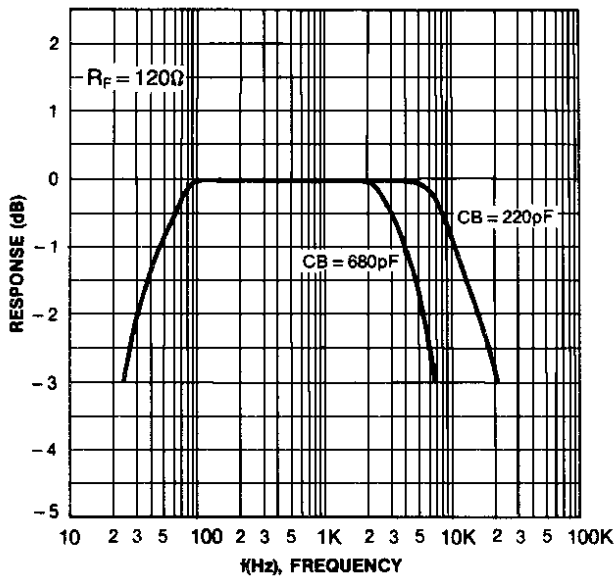
QUIESCENT CIRCUIT CURRENT—SUPPLY VOLTAGE



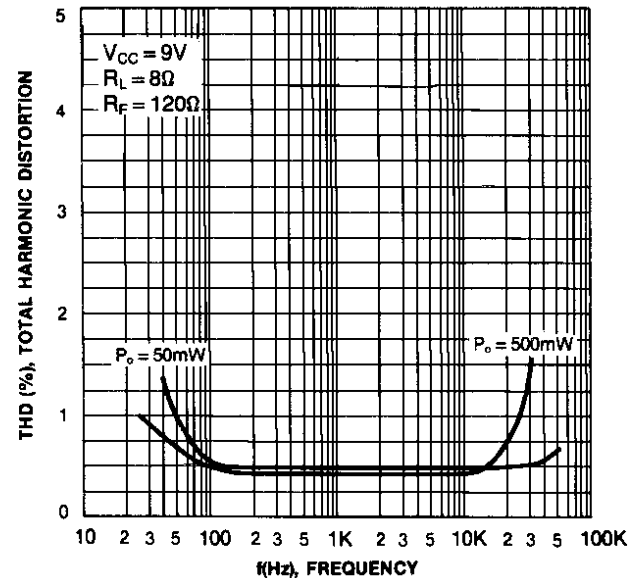
OUTPUT POWER—SUPPLY VOLTAGE



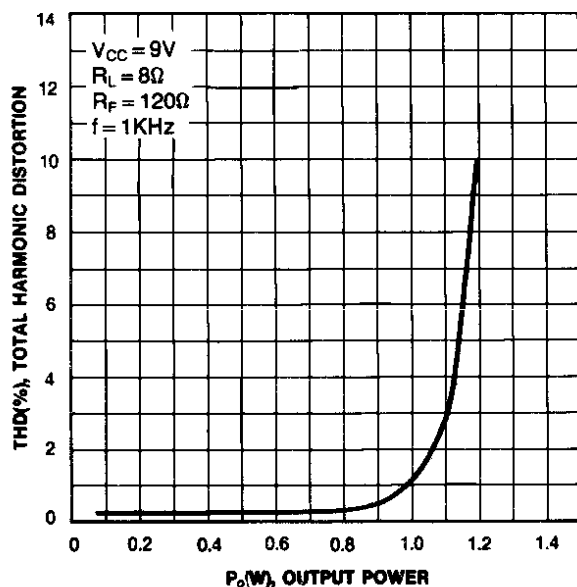
FREQUENCY RESPONSE



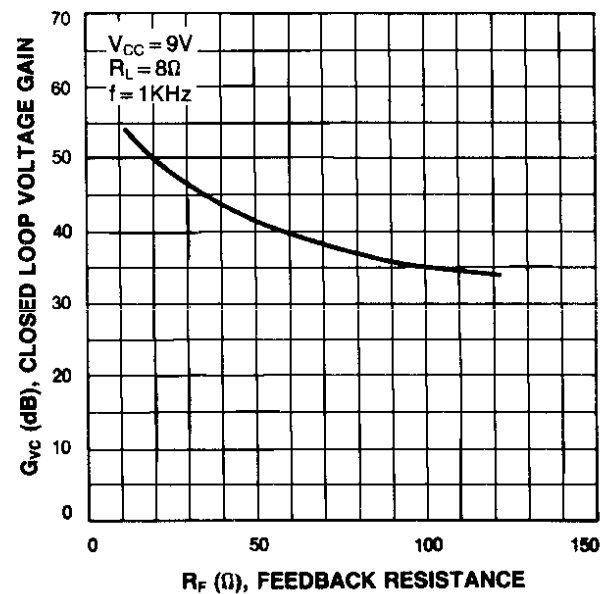
TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION—FREQUENCY



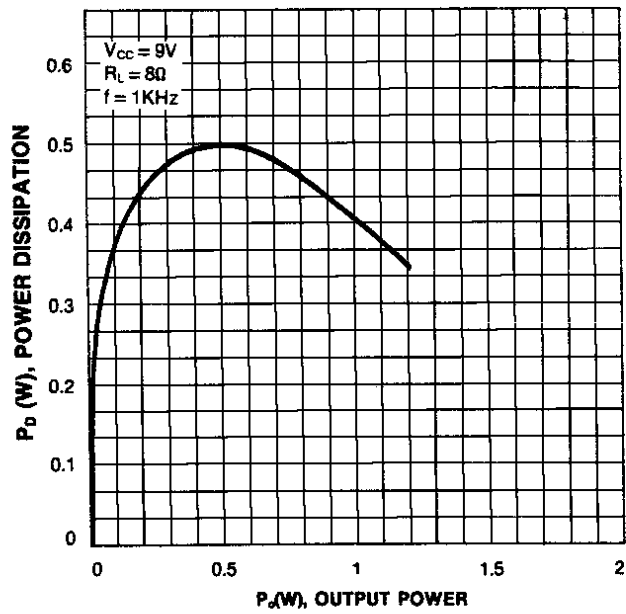
TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION—OUTPUT POWER



VOLTAGE GAIN—FEEDBACK RESISTANCE



POWER DISSIPATION-OUTPUT POWER



POWER DISSIPATION-SUPPLY VOLTAGE

